

# DYNALLOY: AN EXTENSION OF ALLOY FOR WRITING AND ANALYZING BEHAVIOURAL MODELS

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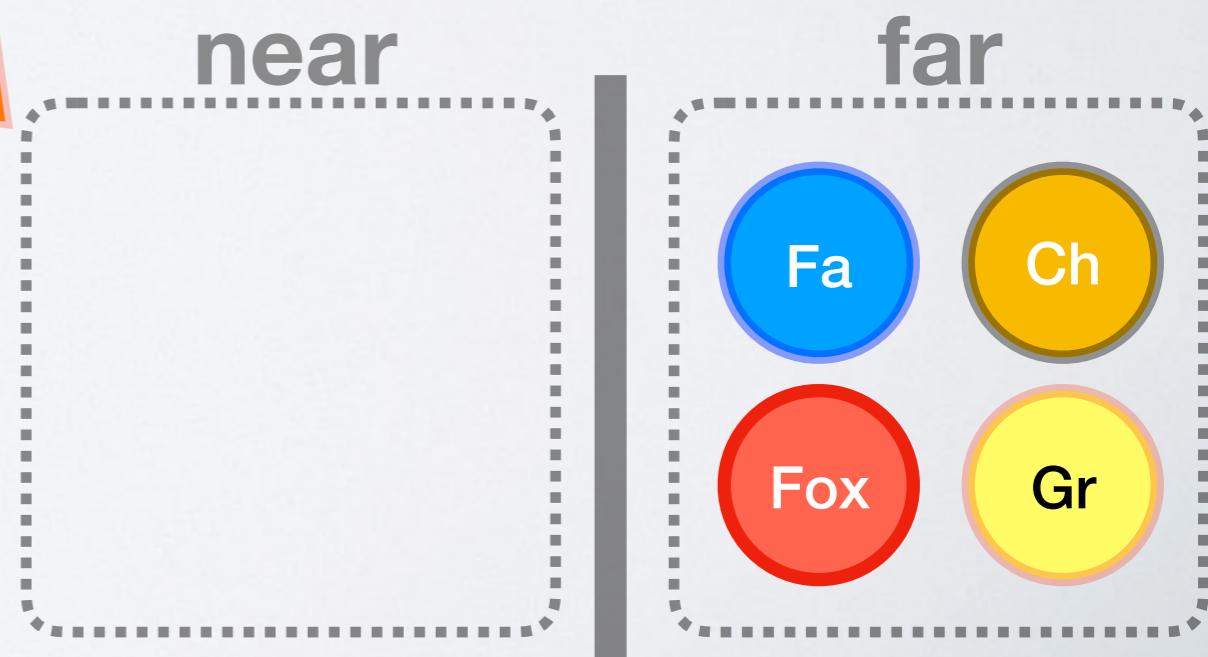
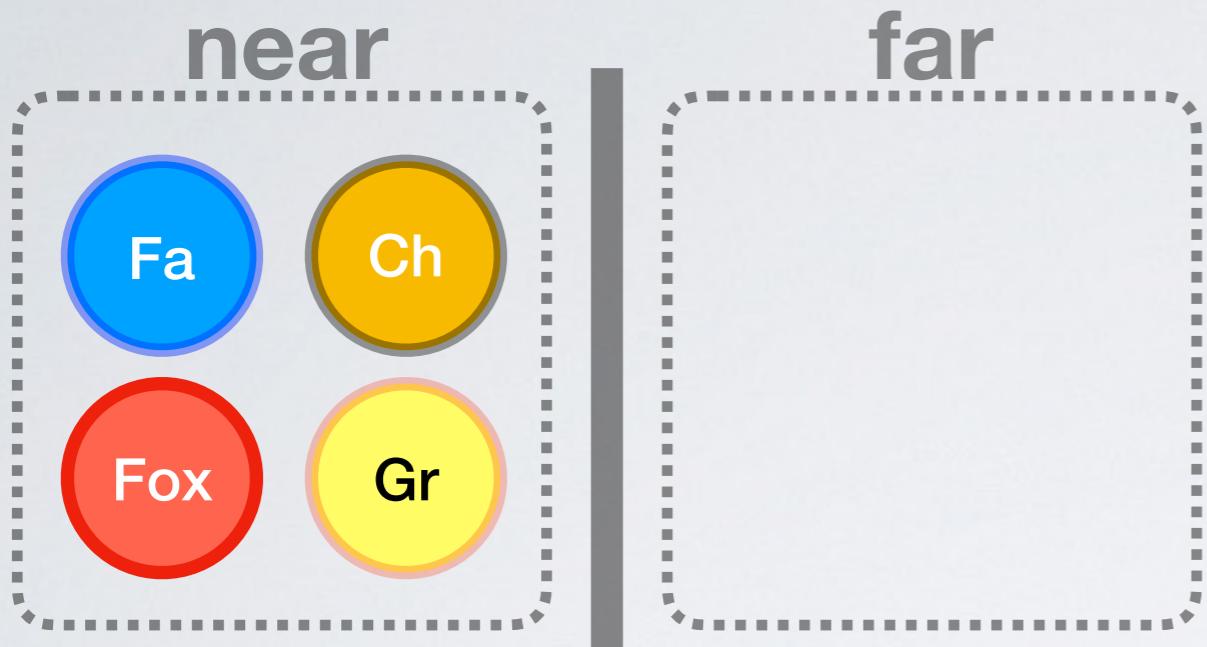
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Workshop on the Future of Alloy

# EXAMPLE - RIVER CROSSING PUZZLE



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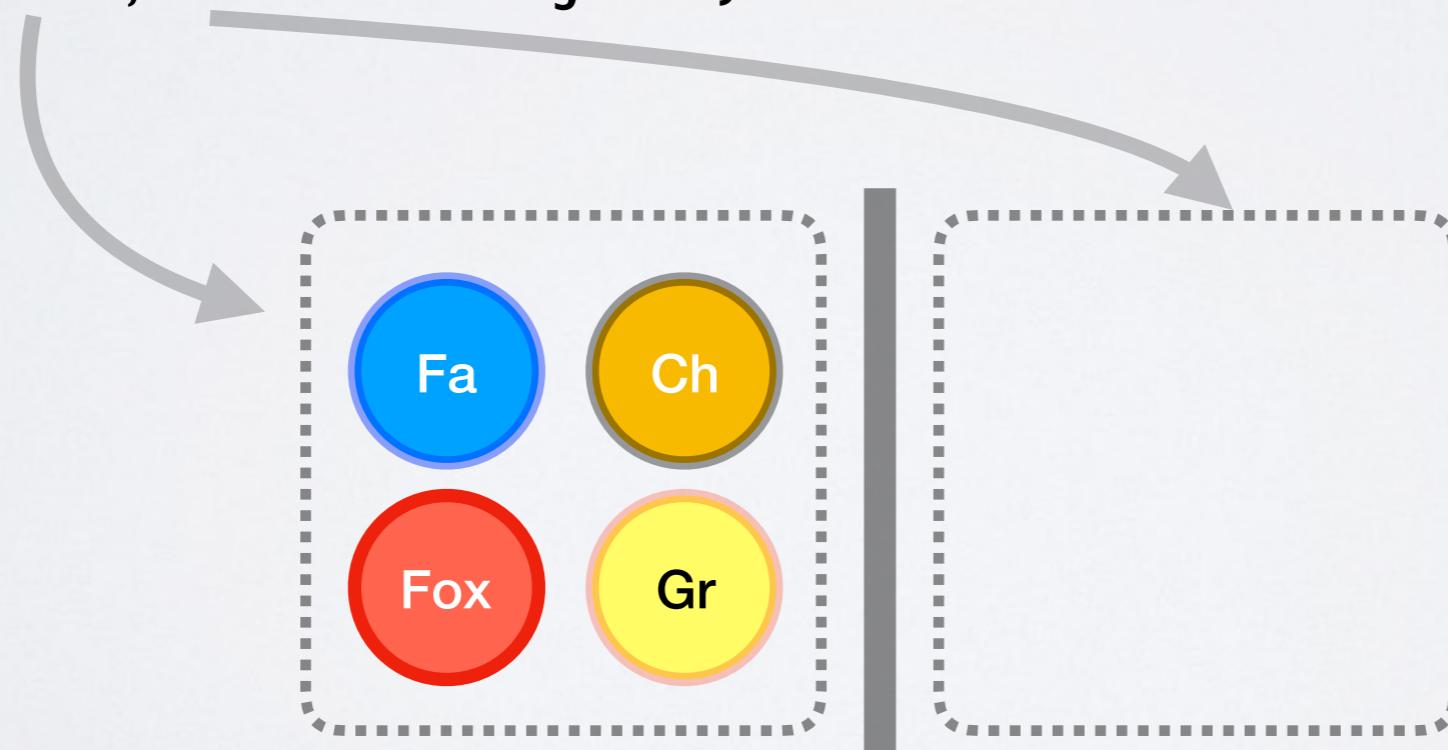
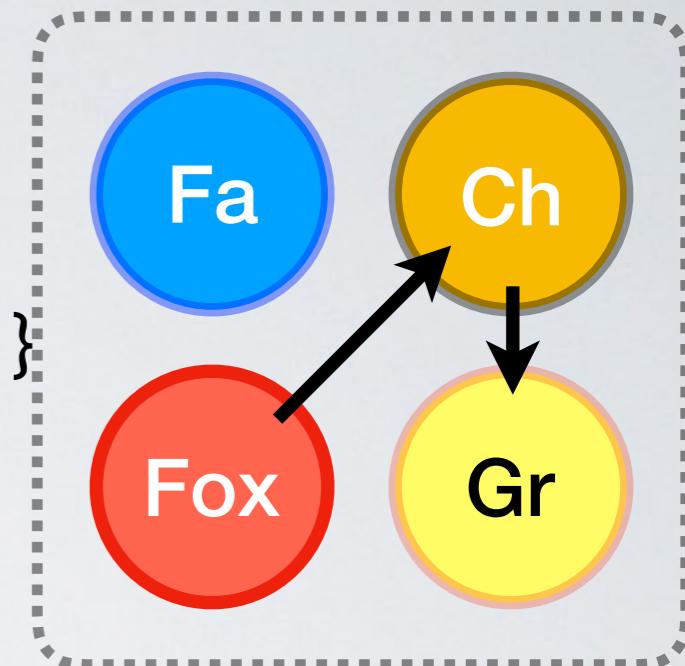
# RIVER CROSS - ALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
abstract sig Object { eats: set Object}
```

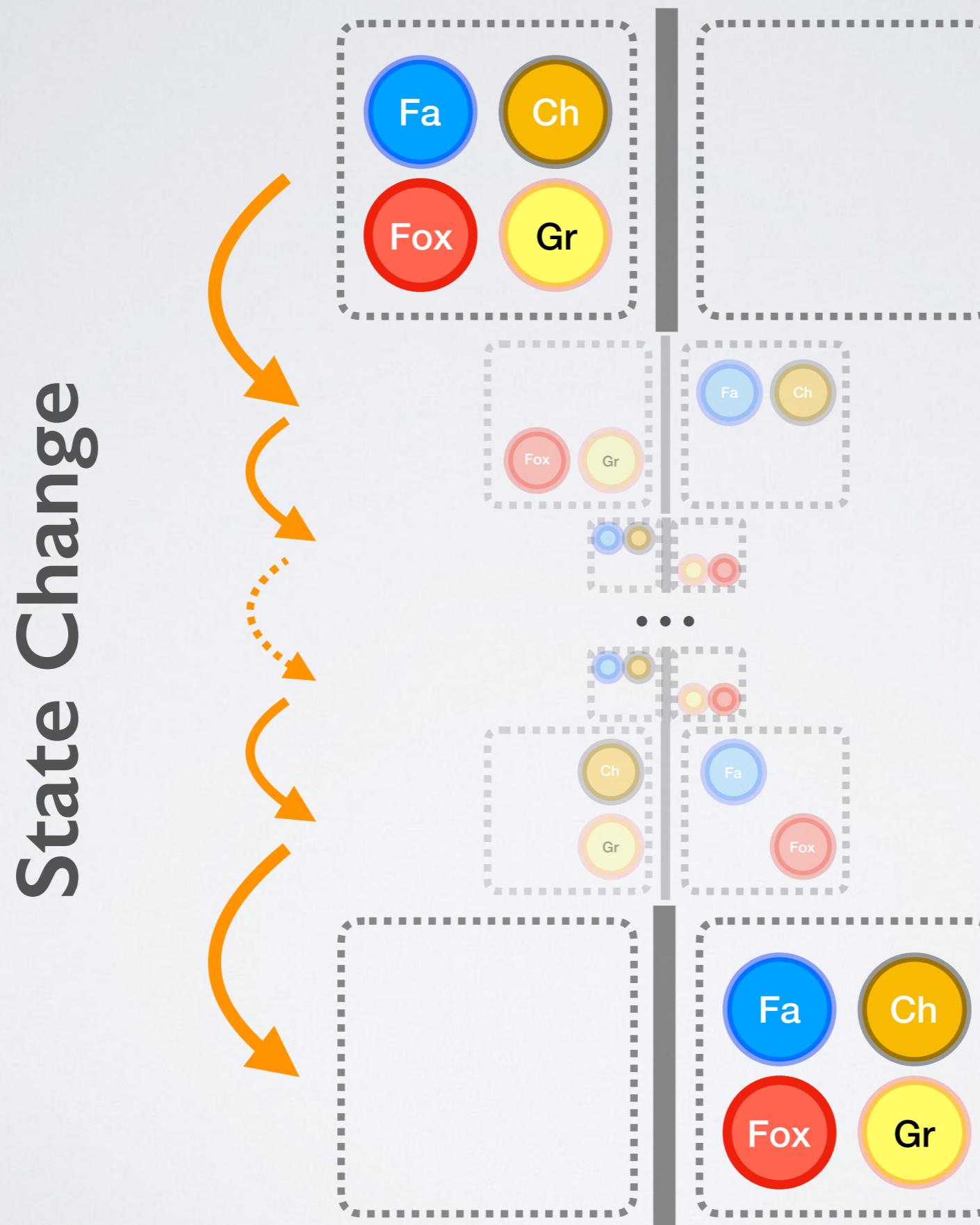
```
one sig Farmer, Fox, Chicken, Grain extends Object { }
```

```
fact { eats = Fox->Chicken + Chicken->Grain }
```

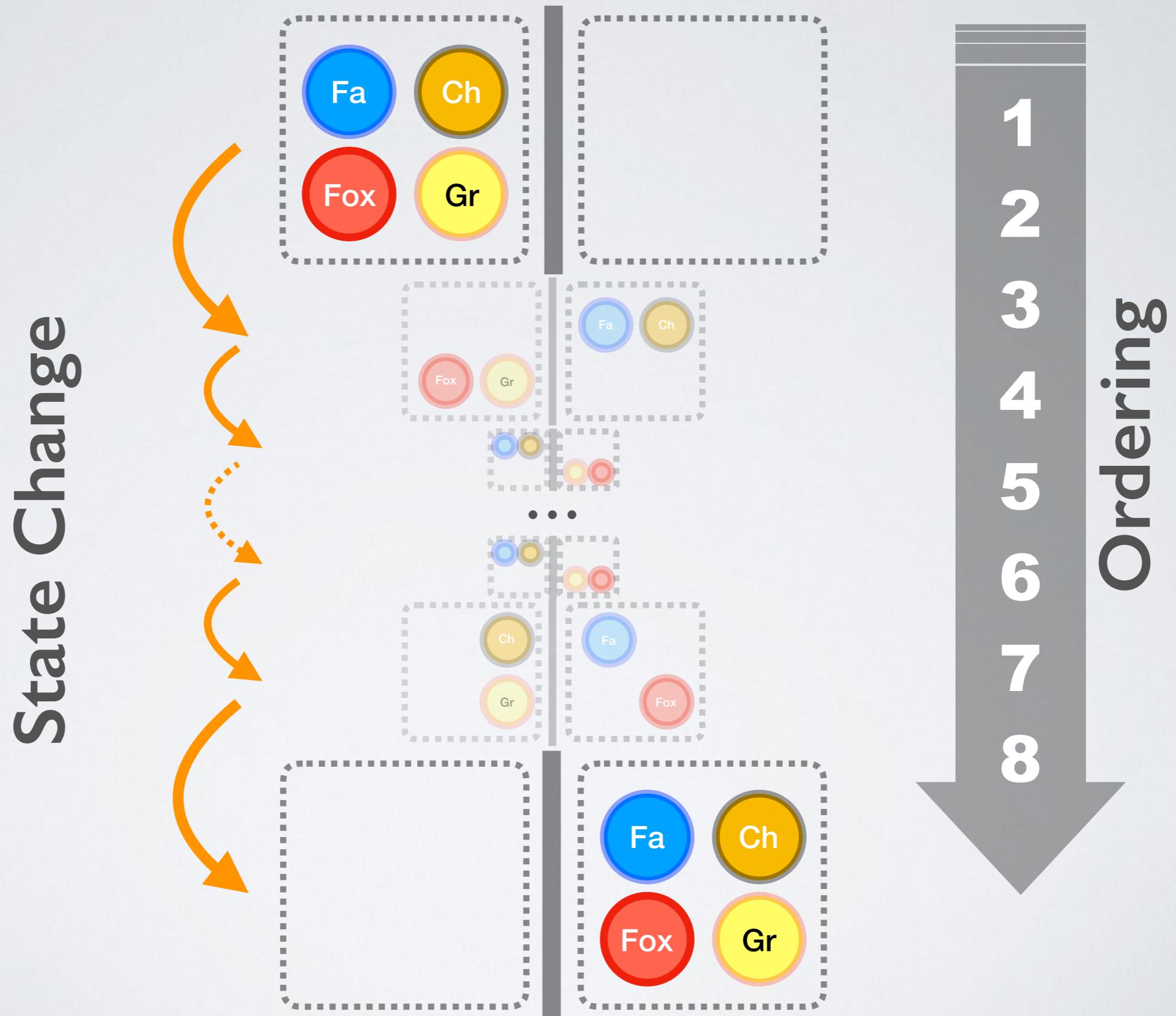
```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```



# RIVER CROSS - DYNAMIC BEHAVIOR



# RIVER CROSS - DYNAMIC BEHAVIOR



# RIVER CROSS - ALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
open util/ordering[State]
```

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}
```



# RIVER CROSS - ALLOY SPECIFICATION

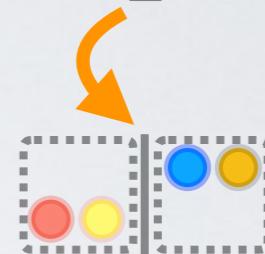
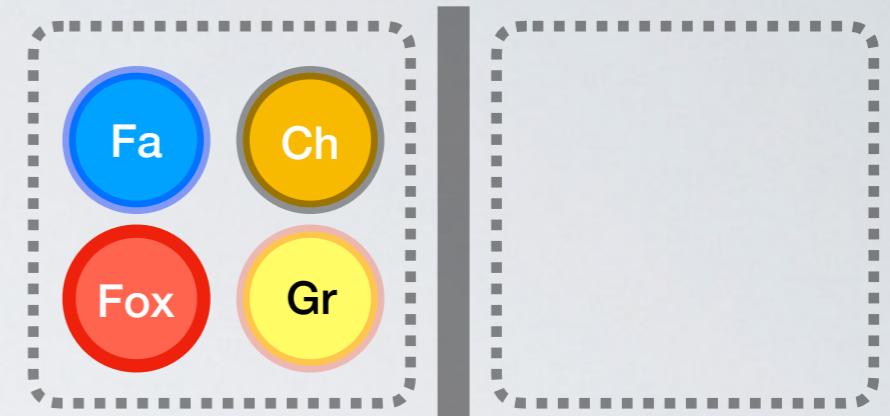
```
open util/ordering[State]
```

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}
```

```
pred crossRiver[from, from', to, to': set Object]
```

```
{ one x: from | {
    from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&
    to' = to + x + Farmer
}}
```



# RIVER CROSS - ALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
open util/ordering[State]
```

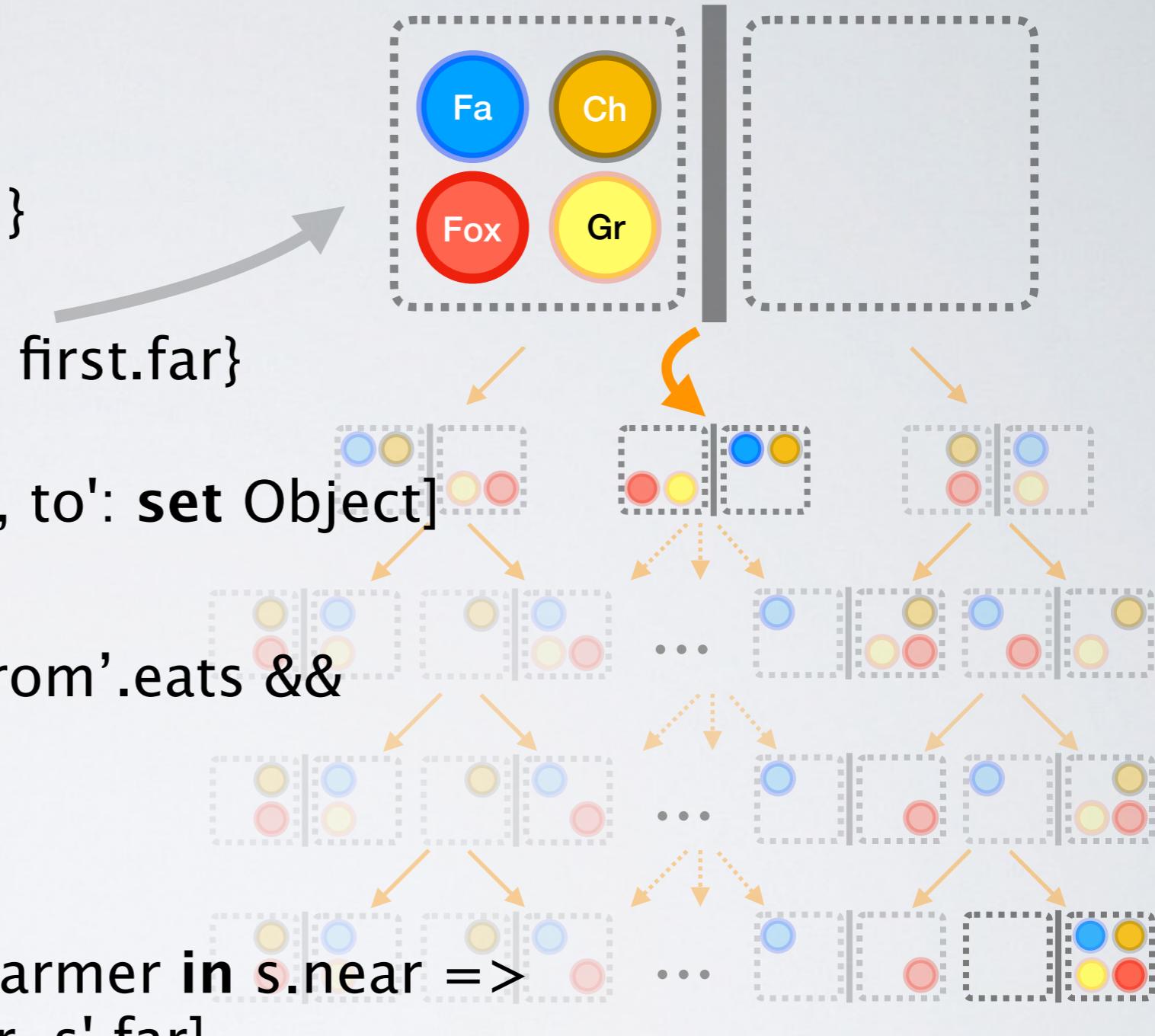
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sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}
```

```
pred crossRiver[from, from', to, to': set Object]
```

```
{ one x: from |  
from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>  
crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]  
else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] }
```



# RIVER CROSS - ALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
open util/ordering[State]
```

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

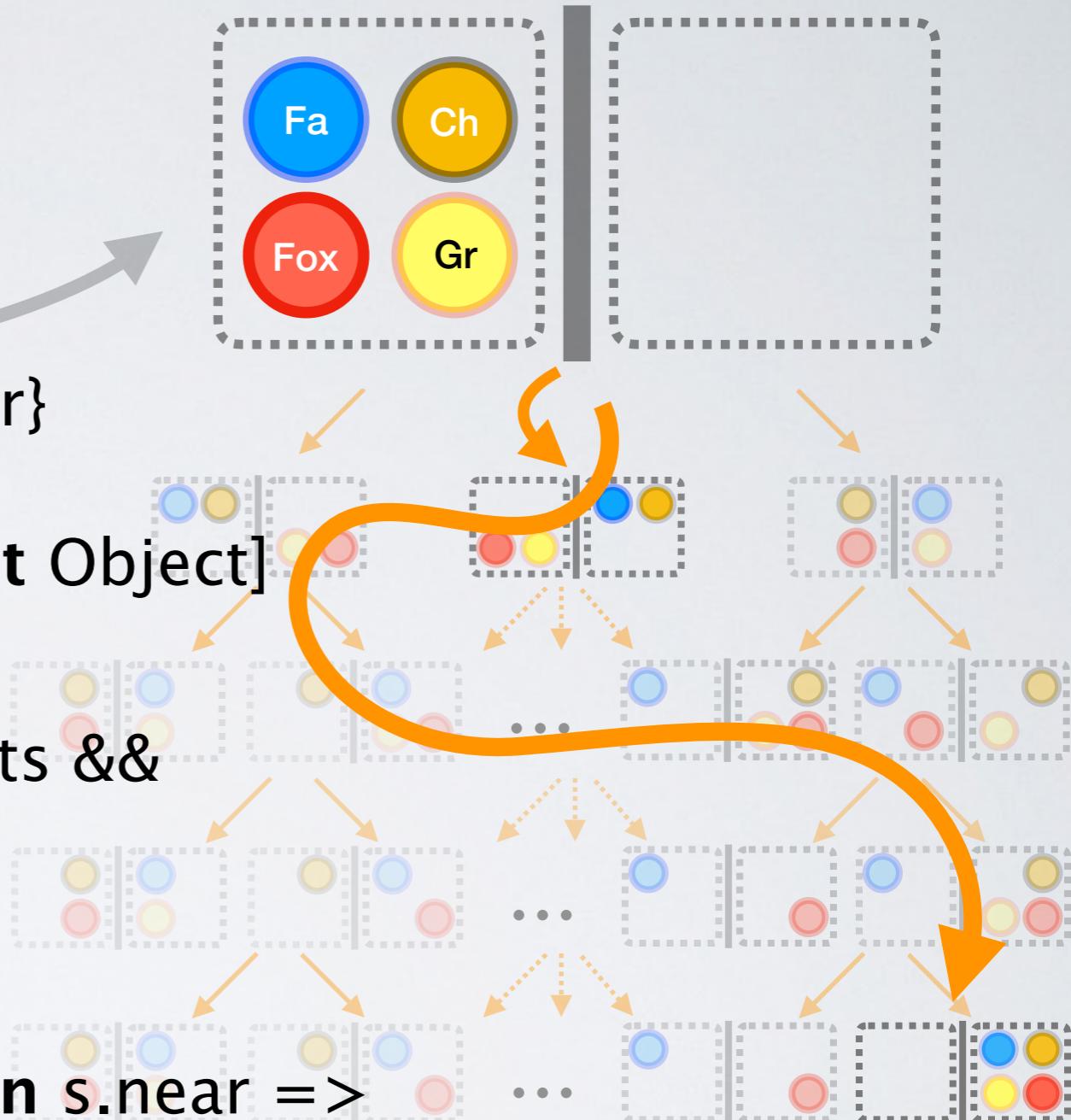
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fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}
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```
pred crossRiver[from, from', to, to': set Object]
```

```
{ one x: from |  
  from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
  to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>  
  crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]  
  else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] } }
```

```
run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```



**SATisfying valuations of the predicate are solutions to the puzzle**

# RIVER CROSS - ALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
open util/ordering[State]
```

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
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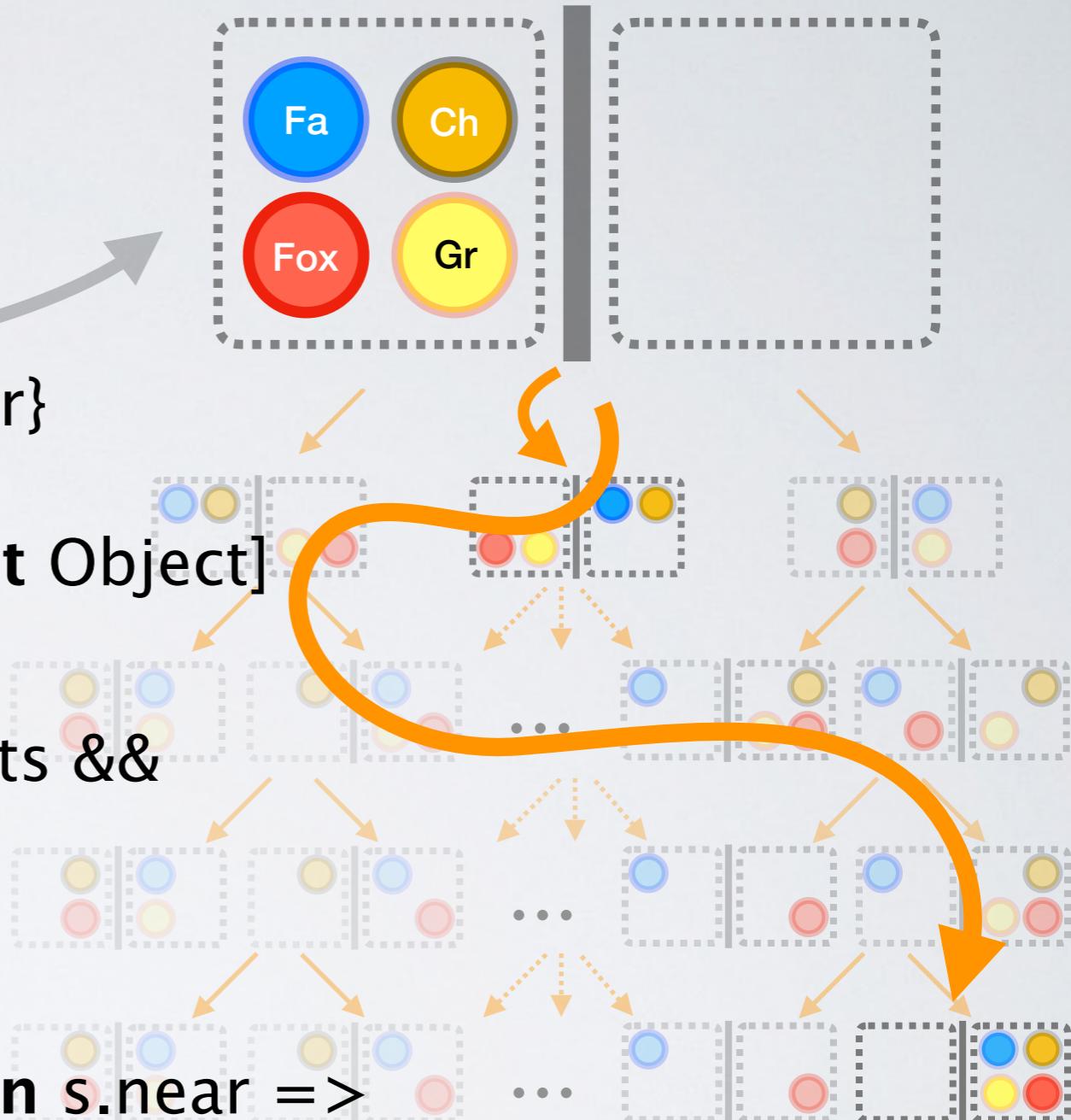
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fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}
```

```
pred crossRiver[from, from', to, to': set Object]
```

```
{ one x: from |  
from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>  
crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]  
else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] }  
}
```

```
run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```



**SATisfying valuations of the predicate are solutions to the puzzle**

# DYNALLOY

=

## ALLOY + DYNAMIC LOGIC

- Execution traces are indirectly defined through:
  - Atomic Actions (State Change)
  - Programs (imperative style & nondeterminism)  
Assumptions | Test ? | Choice + |  
Sequential Composition ; | Iteration \*

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
open util/ordering[State]
sig State { near, far: set Object }
fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}

pred crossRiver[from,from', to , to' : set Object]
{ one x: from | {
    from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&
    to' = to + x + Farmer }
}

fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>
    crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]
    else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] }
}

run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }

fact { first.near = Object && no first.far}

pred crossRiver[from,from', to , to' : set Object]
{ one x: from |
  from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&
  to' = to + x + Farmer }

fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>
  crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]
  else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] }
}

run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
pred crossRiver[from,from', to , to': set Object]  
{ one x: from | {  
    from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
    to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>  
    crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]  
    else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] }  
}
```

```
run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
action crossRiver[from, to : set Object]  
pre { Farmer in from }  
post { one x: from | {  
    from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
    to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
fact { all s: State, s': s.next | { Farmer in s.near =>  
    crossRiver[s.near, s'.near, s.far, s'.far]  
    else crossRiver[s.far, s'.far, s.near, s'.near] }  
}
```

```
run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
action crossRiver[from, to : set Object]  
pre { Farmer in from }  
post { one x: from | {  
    from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
    to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
program solvePuzzle[near, far: set Object] {  
    assume (Object in near && no far);  
    (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])*;  
    [Object in far]?  
}
```

```
run { last.far = Object } for 8 States
```

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY SPECIFICATION

```
sig State { near, far: set Object }
```

```
action crossRiver[from, to : set Object]  
pre { Farmer in from }  
post { one x: from | {  
    from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats &&  
    to' = to + x + Farmer }  
}
```

```
program solvePuzzle[near, far: set Object] {  
    assume (Object in near && no far);  
    (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])*;  
    [Object in far]?  
}
```

```
run solvePuzzle for 4 lurs 8
```

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY PARTIAL CORRECTNESS ASSERTIONS

{ *precondition* }

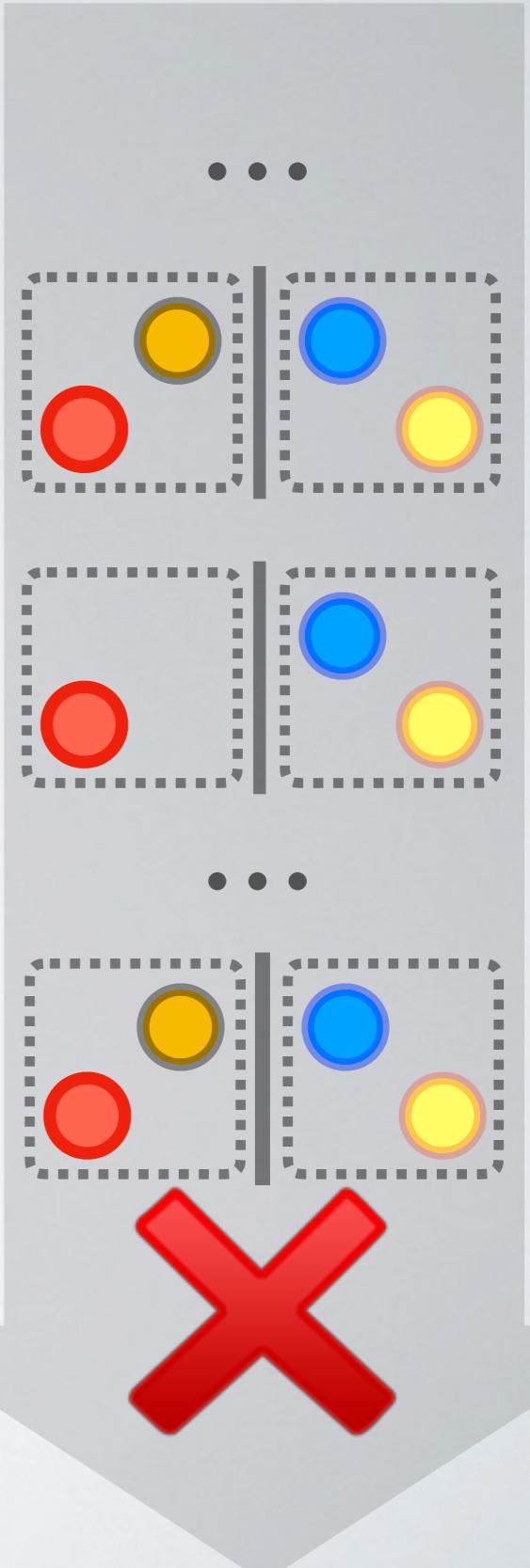
PROGRAM

{ *postcondition* }

# RIVER CROSS - DYNALLOY PARTIAL CORRECTNESS ASSERTIONS

```
assert noResurrection[near, far: set Object, x: Object] {  
    pre { no (near & far) }  
    prog {  
        (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])*;  
        [x !in (near+far)] ? ;  
        (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])*;  
    }  
    post { x !in (near'+far') }  
}
```

check noResurrection for 4 lurs 8



# DYNALLOY FEATURES

The screenshot shows the DyAlloy Analyzer interface. The title bar indicates the file path: /Users/gregis/unrc/DYNALLOY/riverCross.dals. The menu bar includes New, Open, Reload, Save, Translate, Execute, and Show. The main pane displays the Alloy model code for the "crossRiver" puzzle. The right pane shows the execution status: "Executing 'Run SolvePuzzleAsProgramRun for 4 lurs'". It also provides solver statistics: Solver=minisat(jni) Bitwidth=0 MaxSeq=0 SkolemDepth=0, and details about the found instance: 1105 vars, 72 primary vars, 2996 clauses, and a 152ms execution time.

```
module examples/case_studies/crossRiver

abstract sig Object {
    eats: set Object
}

one sig Farmer, Fox, Chicken, Grain extends Object {}

fact {
    eats = Fox->Chicken + Chicken->Grain
}

act crossRiver[from, to: set Object] {
    pre { Farmer in from }
    post { one x: from | from' = from - x - Farmer - from'.eats && to' = to }
}

/*=====
assert SolvePuzzleAsCorrectnessAssertion[near: set Object, far: set Object] {
    pre { Object in near && no far}
    prog { (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])* }
    post { Object !in far' }
}

check SolvePuzzleAsCorrectnessAssertion for 4 expect 1 lurs 8

=====*/
prog SolvePuzzleAsProgramRun[near: set Object, far: set Object] var [i:l
    assume (Object in near && no far);
    (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])*;
    [ Object in far ]?
```

Line 16, Column 2 [modified]

# DYNALLOY FEATURES

- Completely integrated into Alloy Analyzer
- Fully compatible with standard Alloy, produces detailed compile-time error reports
- Supports abstract syntax of programs, as well as imperative programming constructs (assignment, while loops, subprogram calls, ...)
- Trace visualization (in the style of a program debugger)

The screenshot shows the Alloy Analyzer interface with a DYNALLOY feature. The title bar reads "DYNALLOY Analyzer 0.1.1 (build date: unk)". The menu bar includes "New", "Open", "Reload", "Save", "Translate", "Execute", and "Show". The main window displays a DYNALLOY module named "riverCross.dals". The code includes an abstract signature for objects, a fact about eating, an action for crossing a river, and assertions for correctness. A status message at the bottom says "Line 16, Column 2 [modified]".

```
/Users/gregis/unrc/DYNALLOY/riverCross.dals
New Open Reload Save Translate Execute Show
module examples/case_studies/crossRiver
abstract sig Object {
    eats: set Object
}
one sig Farmer, Fox, Chicken, Grain extends Object {}
fact {
    eats = Fox->Chicken + Chicken->Grain
}
act crossRiver[from, to: set Object] {
    Farmer in from -> Farmer in to
    post { one x: from | from - x - Farmer -> to && to.eats && to != Farmer }
}
assert SolvePuzzleAsCorrectnessAssertion[near: set Object, far: set Object]
    pre { Object in near && no far}
    prog { (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])* }
    post { Object !in far' }
}

check SolvePuzzleAsCorrectnessAssertion for 4 expect 1 lurs 8

=====
prog SolvePuzzleAsProgramRun[near: set Object, far: set Object] var [i:
    assume (Object in near && no far);
    (crossRiver[near, far] + crossRiver[far, near])*;
    [ Object in far ]?
}

Line 16, Column 2 [modified]
```

# DYNALLOY FEATURES

- Completely integrated into Alloy Analyzer
- Fully compatible with standard Alloy, produces detailed compile-time error reports
- Supports abstract syntax of programs, as well as imperative programming constructs (assignment, while loops, subprogram calls, ...)
- Trace visualization (in the style of a program debugger)
- Next release:
  - Efficient characterization of traces using skolemization
  - Efficient real and integer arithmetical representation
  - Control flow graph visualization for analyzing execution traces